



# Programming Fundamentals 1

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Produced  
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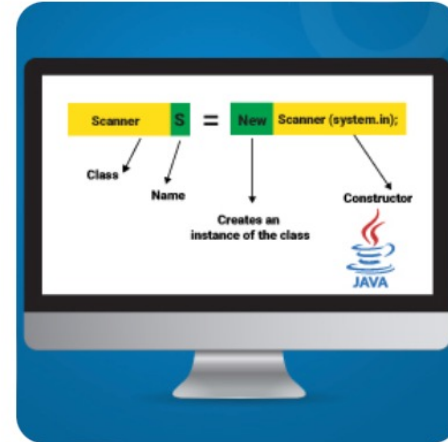




# Input / Output

## The Scanner class

### Scanner IO



Scanner · Console I/O



# Agenda

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□ The Scanner class

□ RECAP :

- SHOP Version 1.0
- Product Class
- Driver Class

□ Input / Output in SHOP



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# The Scanner Class





# Input in Java: the **Scanner** Class

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- ❑ The **Scanner** class is part of Java
- ❑ It allows us to **take in data from the console / terminal window**
- ❑ It is part of the **java.util** package in the Java Application Programming Interfaces (APIs)



# Input in Java: the Scanner Class

- ❑ In order to use the Scanner class, place the following line as the **first line of code** in your file (i.e. before class declaration):

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
Driver.java x Product.java x
1  import java.util.Scanner;
2
3  /**
4   * This class runs the application and handles the Product I/O
5   * @version 1.0
6   */
7  public class Driver{
8
```



# Input in Java: the Scanner Class

- Having imported the `util` package, you will need to write the following instruction in your program.

```
Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
Driver.java x Product.java x
1  import java.util.Scanner;
2
3  /**
4   * This class runs the application and handles the Product I/O
5   * @version 1.0
6   */
7  public class Driver{
8
9   private Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
```



# Input in Java: the Scanner Class

- ❑ This declares a Scanner **object** called **input** (you can name this object anything you wish).
- ❑ You must have this instruction to be able to call the methods in the Scanner class.

```
Driver.java x Product.java x
1  import java.util.Scanner;
2
3  /**
4   * This class runs the application and handles the Product I/O
5   * @version 1.0
6   */
7  public class Driver{
8
9   private Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
```





# Input in Java: the Scanner Class

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- ❑ Now that a Scanner object is set up, we can use all the **input methods** that have been defined in the Scanner class.
- ❑ There are **methods** to take in:

ints	<code>.nextInt()</code>
doubles	<code>.nextDouble()</code>
Strings	<code>.nextLine()</code>
chars	<code>.next().charAt(0)</code>
etc...	See API docs for more



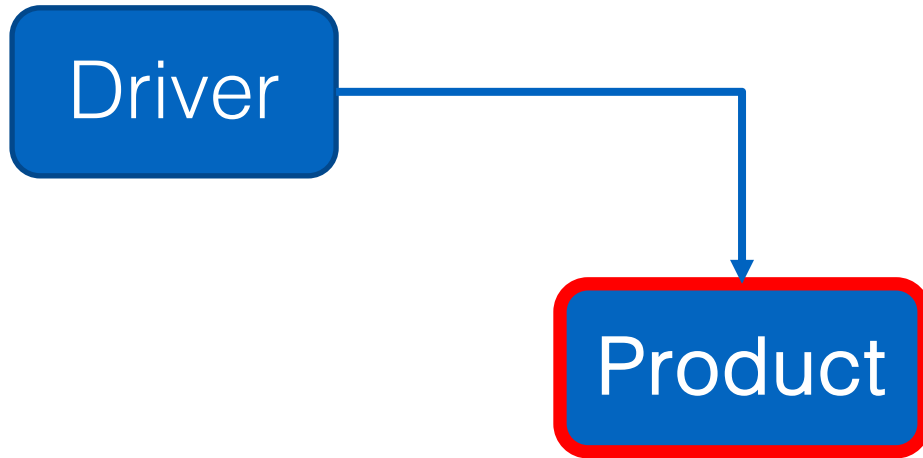
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# RECAP : SHOP V1.0



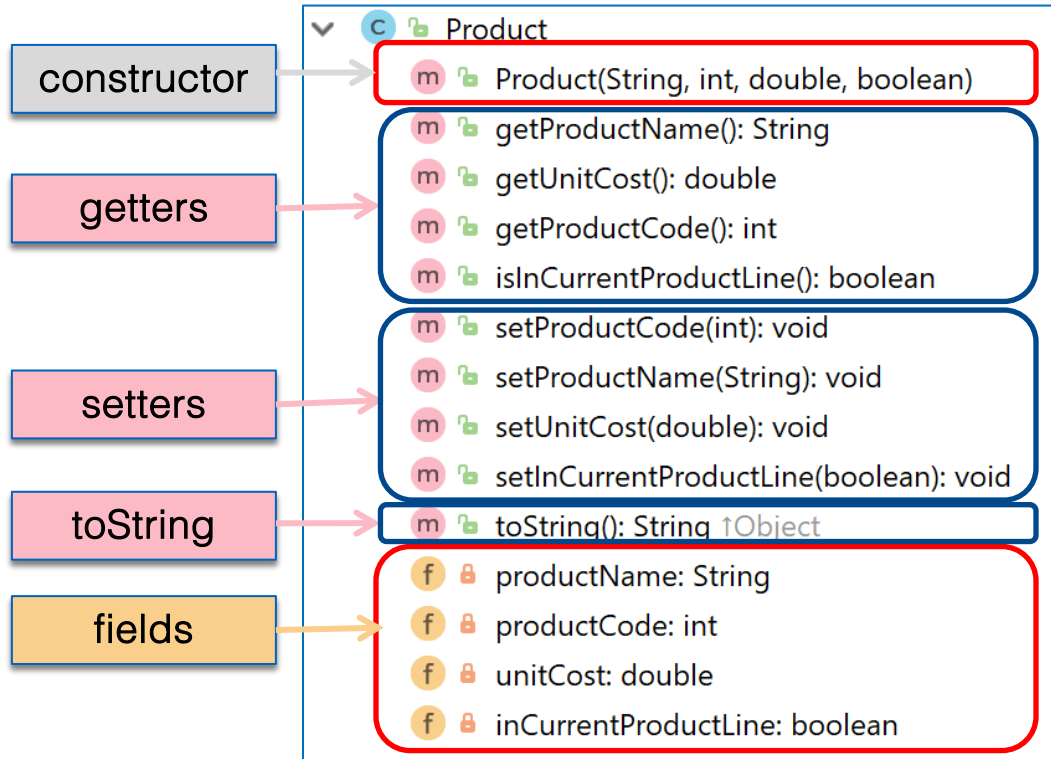
# Shop V1.0 - Product

- ❑ The **Product** class stores details about a product, e.g. name, code, unit cost, in the current product line or not?





# RECAP : Shop V1.0 - Product



# Shop V1.0 - Driver



□ The **Driver** class

- has the **main()** method.
- **reads** the product details from the user (via the console)
- **creates** a new Product object
- **prints** the product object (to the console)



# Shop V1.0 - **Driver**

Driver

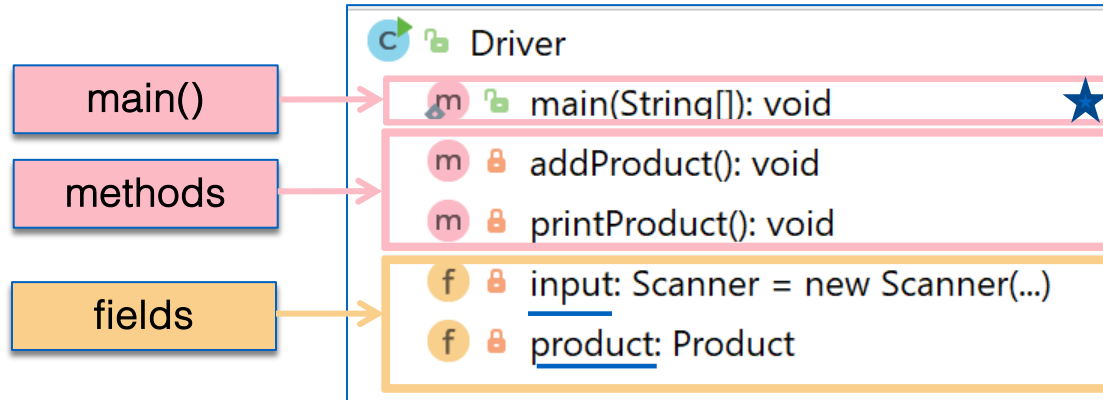


- We want to use **Scanner** to **read in** product details from the console
- We will then **store** these details in a **Product** object
- And then **print** these details back to the console

Product



# Shop V1.0 - Driver





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# I/O in SHOP V1.0







# What the program will look like...

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Console  
Output

```
String Enter the Product Name: 24 Inch TV
int Enter the Product Code: 23432
double Enter the Unit Cost: 399.99
boolean Is this product in your current line (y/n): yes
```



```
public class Driver{
```

```
private Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);  
private Product product;
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
    Driver driver = new Driver();  
    driver.addProduct();  
    driver.printProduct();  
}
```

```
//gather the product data from the user and create a new product.
```

```
private void addProduct(){
```

```
    System.out.print("Enter the Product Name: ");  
    String productName = input.nextLine();
```

```
    System.out.print("Enter the Product Code: ");  
    int productCode = input.nextInt();
```

```
    System.out.print("Enter the Unit Cost: ");  
    double unitCost = input.nextDouble();
```

```
    System.out.print("Is this product in your current line (y/n): ");  
    char currentProduct = input.next().charAt(0);
```

```
    boolean inCurrentProductLine = false;  
    if ((currentProduct == 'y') || (currentProduct == 'Y'))  
        inCurrentProductLine = true;
```

```
    product = new Product(productName, productCode, unitCost, inCurrentProductLine);  
}
```

```
//print the product (the toString method is automatically called).
```

```
private void printProduct(){  
    System.out.println(product);  
}
```

```
}
```

```
Driver
```

```
m main(String[]): void
```

```
m addProduct(): void
```

```
m printProduct(): void
```

```
f input: Scanner = new Scanner(...)
```

```
f product: Product
```



```
public class Driver{
```

```
    private Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);  
    private Product product;
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        Driver driver = new Driver();  
        driver.addProduct();  
        driver.printProduct();  
    }
```

```
        //gather the product data from the user and create a new product.
```

```
    private void addProduct(){
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the Product Name: ");  
        String productName = input.nextLine();
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the Product Code: ");  
        int productCode = input.nextInt();
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the Unit Cost: ");  
        double unitCost = input.nextDouble();
```

```
        System.out.print("Is this product in your current line (y/n): ");  
        char currentProduct = input.next().charAt(0);
```

```
        boolean inCurrentProductLine = false;  
        if ((currentProduct == 'y') || (currentProduct == 'Y'))  
            inCurrentProductLine = true;
```

```
        product = new Product(productName, productCode, unitCost, inCurrentProductLine);  
    }
```

```
        //print the product (the toString method is automatically called).
```

```
    private void printProduct(){  
        System.out.println(product);  
    }
```

```
}
```

```
Driver
```

```
m main(String[]): void
```

```
m addProduct(): void
```

```
m printProduct(): void
```

```
f input: Scanner = new Scanner(...)
```

```
f product: Product
```



```
public class Driver{
```

```
    private Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);  
    private Product product;
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        Driver driver = new Driver();  
        driver.addProduct();  
        driver.printProduct();  
    }
```

Driver

m main(String[]): void

m addProduct(): void

m printProduct(): void

f input: Scanner = new Scanner(...)

f product: Product

```
        //gather the product data from the user and create a new product.
```

```
    private void addProduct(){
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the Product Name: ");  
        String productName = input.nextLine();
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the Product Code: ");  
        int productCode = input.nextInt();
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the Unit Cost: ");  
        double unitCost = input.nextDouble();
```

```
        System.out.print("Is this product in your current line (y/n): ");  
        char currentProduct = input.next().charAt(0);
```

```
        boolean inCurrentProductLine = false;  
        if ((currentProduct == 'y') || (currentProduct == 'Y'))  
            inCurrentProductLine = true;
```

```
        product = new Product(productName, productCode, unitCost, inCurrentProductLine);  
    }
```

```
        //print the product (the toString method is automatically called).
```

```
    private void printProduct(){  
        System.out.println(product);  
    }
```

```
}
```



```
public class Driver{
```

```
    private Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);  
    private Product product;
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        Driver driver = new Driver();  
        driver.addProduct();  
        driver.printProduct();  
    }
```

```
    //gather the product data from the user and create a new product.
```

```
    private void addProduct(){
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the Product Name: ");  
        String productName = input.nextLine();
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the Product Code: ");  
        int productCode = input.nextInt();
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the Unit Cost: ");  
        double unitCost = input.nextDouble();
```

```
        System.out.print("Is this product in your current line (y/n): ");  
        char currentProduct = input.next().charAt(0);
```

```
        boolean inCurrentProductLine = false;  
        if ((currentProduct == 'y') || (currentProduct == 'Y'))  
            inCurrentProductLine = true;
```

```
        product = new Product(productName, productCode, unitCost, inCurrentProductLine);  
    }
```

```
    //print the product (the toString method is automatically called).
```

```
    private void printProduct(){  
        System.out.println(product);  
    }
```

Driver

m main(String[]): void

m addProduct(): void

m printProduct(): void

f input: Scanner = new Scanner(...)

f product: Product



# The addProduct() console output...

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Console  
Output

```
String Enter the Product Name: 24 Inch TV
int Enter the Product Code: 23432
double Enter the Unit Cost: 399.99
boolean Is this product in your current line (y/n): yes|
```

Now, Let's Look at how this is done...



# ShopV1.0 – read Product Name (String)

```
System.out.print("Enter the Product Name: ");  
String productName = input.nextLine();
```



Console  
Output

```
Enter the Product Name: 24 Inch TV
```



# ShopV1.0 – read Product Code (int)

```
System.out.print("Enter the Product Code: ");  
int productCode = input.nextInt();
```



Console  
Output

```
Enter the Product Code: 23432
```





# ShopV1.0 – read Unit Cost (double)

```
System.out.print("Enter the Unit Cost: ");  
double unitCost = input.nextDouble();
```



```
Enter the Unit Cost: 399.99
```

Console  
Output

# ShopV1.0 – In Current Product Line? (boolean)



For booleans, take in a character first, then test it

```
System.out.print("Is this product in your current line (y/n): ");  
char currentProduct = input.next().charAt(0);  
boolean inCurrentProductLine = false;  
if ((currentProduct == 'y') || (currentProduct == 'Y'))  
    inCurrentProductLine = true;
```



```
Is this product in your current line (y/n): yes
```

Console  
Output

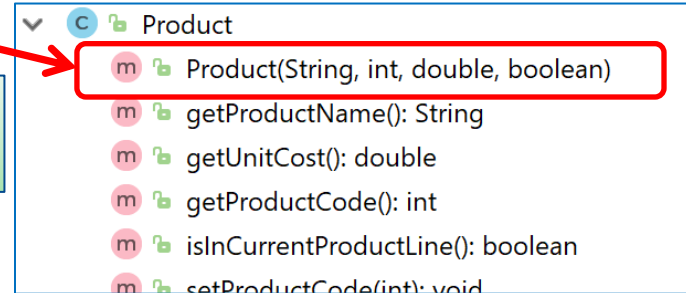


# ShopV1.0 – Create Product Object

```
System.out.print("Enter the Product Name: ");
String productName = input.nextLine();
System.out.print("Enter the Product Code: ");
int productCode = input.nextInt();
System.out.print("Enter the Unit Cost: ");
double unitCost = input.nextDouble();
System.out.print("Is this product in your current line (y/n): ");
char currentProduct = input.next().charAt(0);
boolean inCurrentProductLine = false;
if ((currentProduct == 'y') || (currentProduct == 'Y'))
    inCurrentProductLine = true;

product = new Product(productName, productCode, unitCost, inCurrentProductLine);
```

Using the values taken in  
pass them to the **Product** constructor





```
public class Driver{
```

```
    private Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);  
    private Product product;
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        Driver c = new Driver();  
        c.addProduct();  
        c.printProduct();  
    }
```

```
    //gather the product data from the user and create a new product.
```

```
    private void addProduct(){
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the Product Name: ");  
        String productName = input.nextLine();
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the Product Code: ");  
        int productCode = input.nextInt();
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the Unit Cost: ");  
        double unitCost = input.nextDouble();
```

```
        System.out.print("Is this product in your current line (y/n): ");  
        char currentProduct = input.next().charAt(0);
```

```
        boolean inCurrentProductLine = false;  
        if ((currentProduct == 'y') || (currentProduct == 'Y'))  
            inCurrentProductLine = true;
```

```
        product = new Product(productName, productCode, unitCost, inCurrentProductLine);  
    }
```

```
    //print the product (the toString method is automatically called).
```

```
    private void printProduct(){  
        System.out.println(product);  
    }
```

```
Driver
```

```
m main(String[]): void
```

```
m addProduct(): void
```

```
m printProduct(): void
```

```
f input: Scanner = new Scanner(...)
```

```
f product: Product
```

# Questions?

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Thanks.

